# Mid-Continent Airport Wichita, Kansas

Air Capital Terminal 3

CITY COUNCIL WORKSHOP JUNE 7, 2011





#### **Scope of Presentation**

- Background of Project: History and Why Build?
- Project Scope
- Cost
- Funding Plan
- Construction Already Done
- Renderings of New Terminal
- Economic Indicators & Conclusions
- Next Steps

# Previous City Council/Airport Authority Major Actions Highlights

- December, 2002: Initiated a Master Plan study of options, including renovation of existing Terminal facility
- September 14, 2004: Workshop on Terminal Area Study
- October 12, 2004: Accepted Terminal Area Study and approved construction of a new Terminal versus renovation
- June 7, 2005: Contracted with DMJM Aviation (now AECOM) for Program Management
- June 27, 2006: Workshop on Conceptual Design of Terminal
- July 18, 2006: Contracted with HNTB Architecture for design
- October 24, 2006: Approved Financial Capacity Analysis presented by LeighFisher
- July 24, 2007: Joint workshop with City Council, Airport Board & Design Council on Schematic Design of Terminal

# Previous City Council/Airport Authority Major Actions Highlights (cont.)

- December 11, 2007: Parking financial feasibility study workshop
- February 12, 2008: Parking study design recommendations presented in workshop
- March 4, 2008: Parking garage design options workshop
- June 3, 2008: Phase 1 of airfield apron construction approved
- August 26, 2008: Joint workshop with City Council, Airport Board & Design Council on Design Development of Terminal
- October 7, 2008: Phase 2 of apron construction approved
- July 7, 2009: Mid-Continent Road and Utilities relocations approved
- September 15, 2009: Accepted a \$6.9 million grant from the TSA
- February 9, 2010: Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) application to the FAA approved for the project
- October 5, 2010: Financial Plan workshop; Project put on hold





Wichita's Air Capital Terminal 3 (ACT 3)

# The Existing Terminal Building Was Originally Constructed in 1953 (Almost 60 years ago)

#### **Subsequent additions**

- Two concourses with 10 gates added in 1976
- Expansion of Ticketing and two additional gates in 1985
- Last Major Renovation & Expansion in 1989



## **Functional Deficiencies of Existing Terminal**

- Functionally obsolete and expensive to operate
- Walking distance to gates is excessive
- Concessions are not located where they are needed most
- Security checkpoint has inadequate space
- Ticketing hall and baggage claim areas are congested
- Not compliant with Federal security requirements, ADA and building codes
- Mechanical, electrical and plumbing systems are obsolete





# Issues with Renovating and Expanding Existing Terminal

- Cost is similar to new construction
- Challenges
  - Major service impact on existing operations
  - Small incremental phases of construction
  - Significantly longer construction disturbance
  - Limited potential for improving passenger service
  - Major cost for building systems and infrastructure

#### **Goals for Building New Terminal Building**

- Develop a "right-sized" facility
- Satisfy future terminal facility growth requirements
- Develop an efficient, distinctive and modern terminal facility
- Provide improved terminal access and parking facilities
- Do it in a cost-conscious manner

#### **New Terminal Building Features**

- Passenger boarding bridges at all gates
- Shorter walk to farthest gates
- Close-in, Covered garage parking
- Improved food, beverage & retail concessions
- Spacious meeter/greeter area
- Energy efficient facility: LEED certified
- Operationally efficient facility for:
  - Passenger security screening
  - Baggage security screening
  - Ticketing
  - Baggage claim

#### **Design Capacity**

- 2008 Passenger Traffic 1.62 million (all time record)
- 2009 Passenger Traffic 1.51 million
- 2010 Passenger Traffic 1.55 million
- Phase I Designed for 2.0 Million Passengers (initial)
- Phase II Capacity of 2.4 Million Passengers (future)

#### Cost

- Cost estimate for ACT 3 is \$160 million
- Parking Facilities cost estimate is \$40 million
- \$38 million has already been spent since 2005:
  - Architectural and Engineering design; Program Management
  - Environmental assessments (done)
  - Apron phases 1 and 2 (done)
  - Landside utilities phase 1 (done)
  - Relocation of Mid-Continent Drive (done)
- Completed enabling construction from other budgets:
  - Demolition of old air cargo facility and airline maintenance buildings
  - Demolition of employee parking lots
  - Construction of replacement Air Cargo Center
  - Construction of replacement US Customs Federal Inspection Facility
  - Construction of New Park & Ride economy parking facilities
  - West data center and communications/network/security system cabling

#### **Sources of Funding**

- FAA Aviation Trust Fund (AIP) Grants (aviation users)
- Transportation Security Administration Grants (aviation users)
- Airport Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs)
- Concessions
- Parking
- Rental Cars
- Leases
- Space Rental to Airlines
- Airport system revenues
- No local tax dollars planned to be used. Only users of the Airport pay.

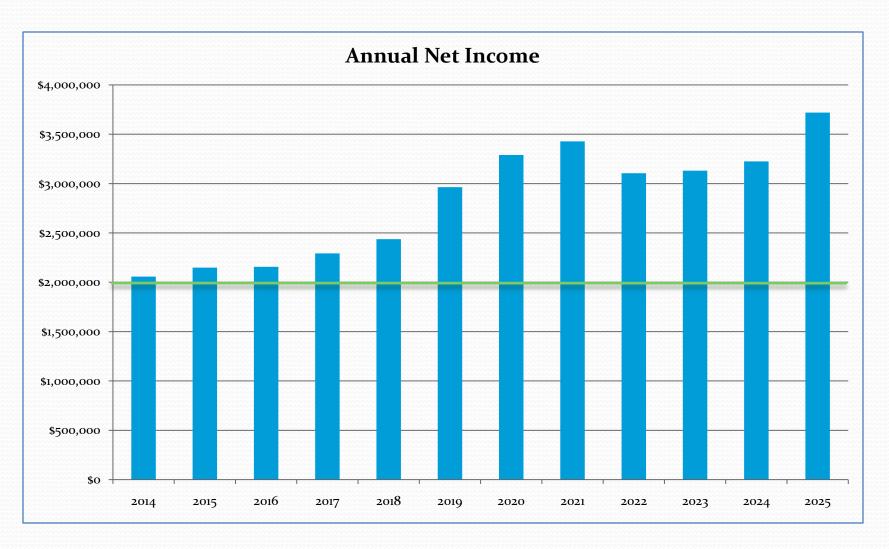
## **Funding Plan**

In millions	ACT 3	Parking
Project Costs	\$160.0	\$40.0
Pay-as-you-go funds		
AIP grants (entitlements)	29.0	0.0
AIP grants (discretionary)	24.8	0.0
PFC pay-as-you-go	16.8	0.0
CFC pay-as-you-go	0.0	5.0
Airport cash	27.2	0.0
TSA grants	6.9	0.0
Total pay-as-you-go	\$104.7	\$5.0
Total bond proceeds*	\$55.3	\$35.0
Total Sources	\$160.0	\$40.0
* Partially reimbursable by PFC and CFC collection	ons	

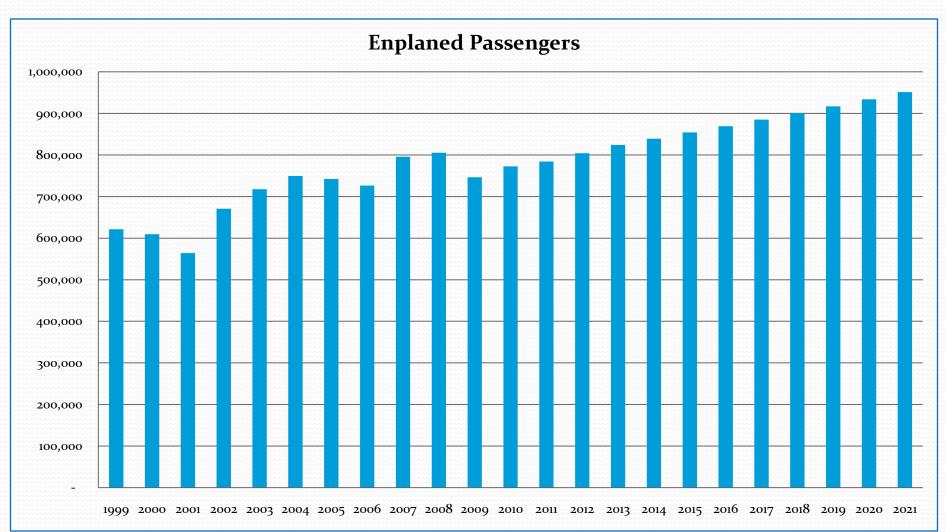
#### **Authority's Financial Planning Objectives**

- Develop feasible funding plan to support Capital Program
  - Use pay-as-you go funding to limit debt requirements
  - Do not exceed practical debt capacity
  - Allow funding capacity for future capital expenditures
  - Maintain competitive airline costs
- Established financial "targets"
  - Average annual net income of \$2 million (after paying debt service)
  - Average debt service coverage of 1.10x
  - Debt service reserve equal to 50% of annual debt service payments
  - Operations & Maintenance expense reserve equal to 180 days

#### **Financial Forecast**



#### **Passenger Forecast**

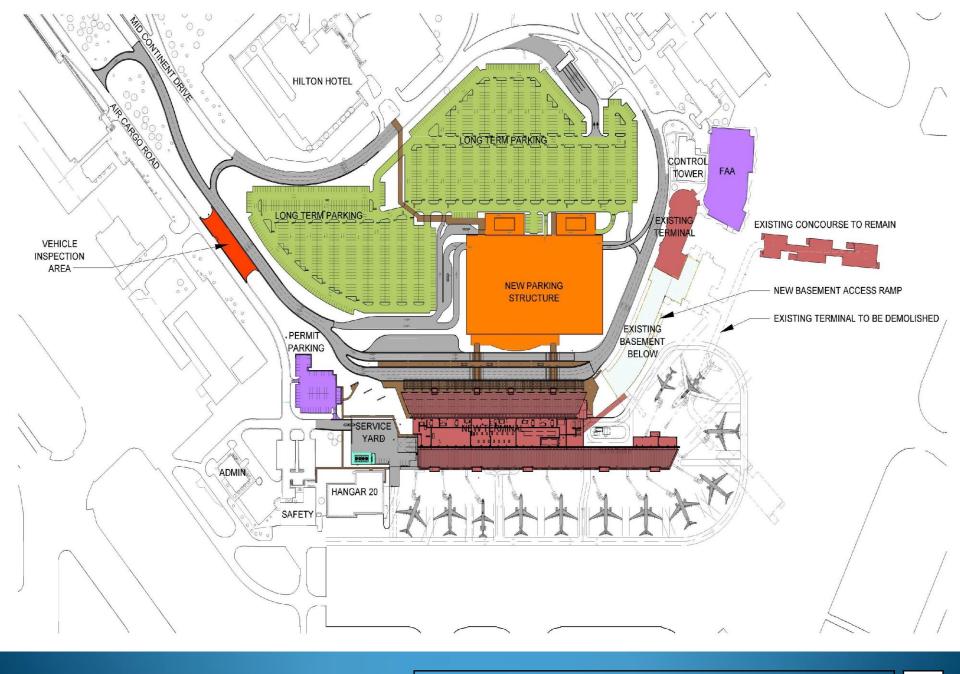


## **ACT 3 Projects already completed**





# **Renderings of New Terminal**

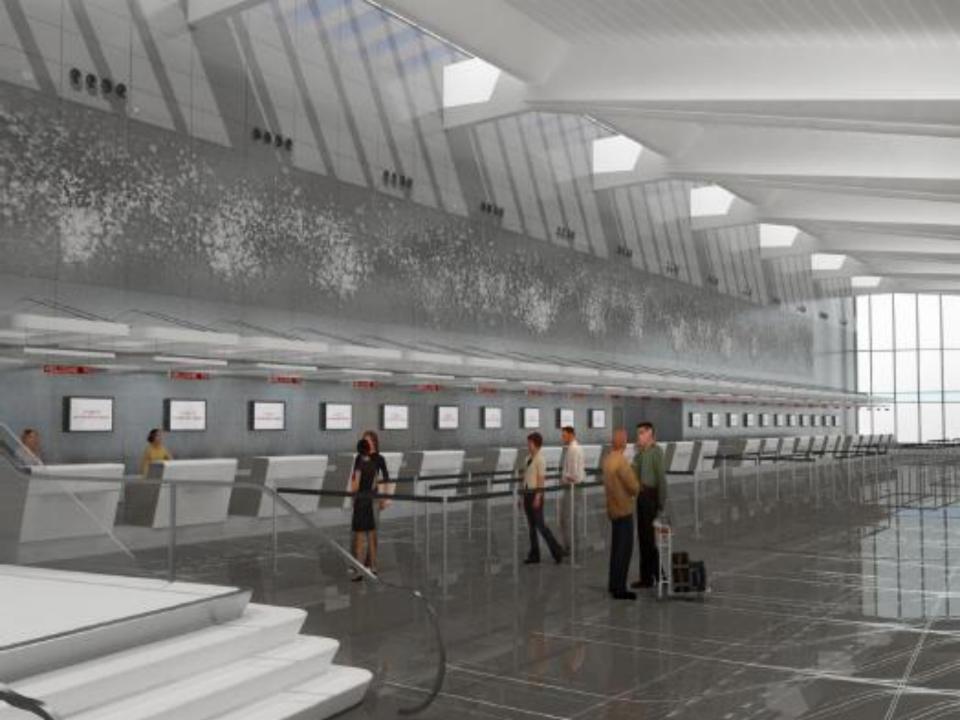






















#### **Indirect Indicators**



**Sales Tax Collections** 

Growth of 2.9% since this time in 2010



#### **Current Conditions Index**

Growth of 0.7% since last month



#### **Number of Unemployed**

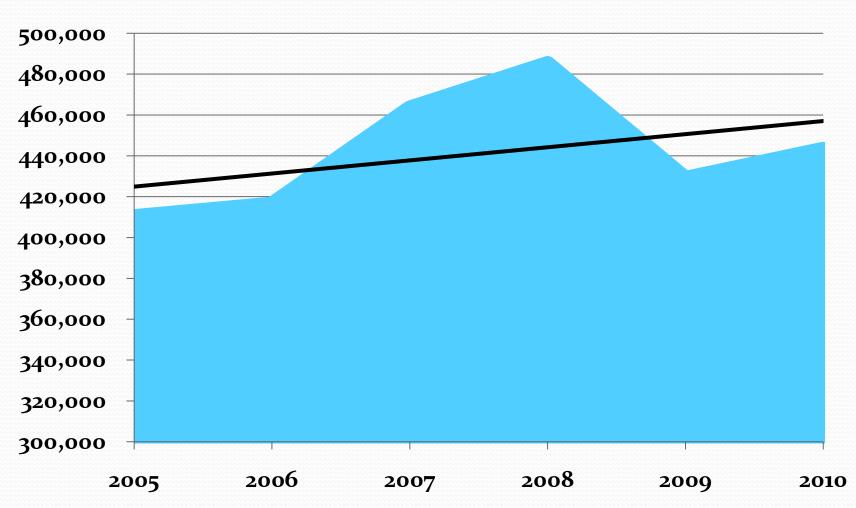
Improved by 10.1% in past month and 3.4% since 2010



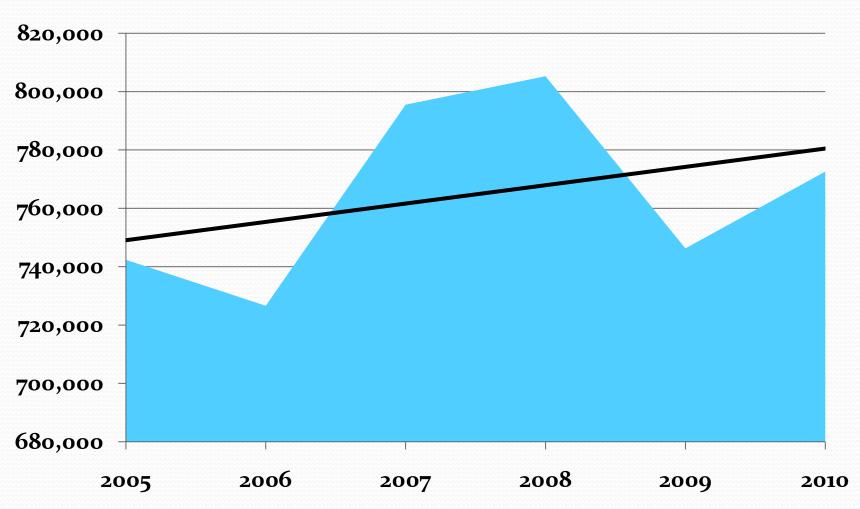
#### **Airplane Shipments**

Annual decline in 2010 but appears to be settling

#### **Parking Usage**



## **Enplanements**



#### **Economic Conclusions**

- Economy has stabilized with weak growth
- Current passenger trends support the project
- Minimized the risk of non-Airport users paying for the new facilities

 Contingency plans in place to accommodate any unanticipated shortfalls

#### **Next Major Steps Highlights**

- Airport Authority approval to bid & set budget June 21, 2011
- Begin bidding process for terminal Summer 2011
- Execute supplemental agreements with Design Team and Construction
  Manager Summer 2011
- Select design team for parking & rental car facilities Late 2011
- Award terminal construction contract Late 2011
- Terminal construction starts Spring 2012
- Parking garage construction starts late 2012; complete late 2014
- Terminal opens 2015

## **QUESTIONS & DISCUSSION**